## Streptococcus faecalis

About Streptococcus faecalis

Lactobacillales, Probiotic, Antidiarrhoeal.

Mechanism of Action of Streptococcus faecalis

Streptococcus faecalis is a probiotic. Probiotics are defined as live microorganisms, including Lactobacillus species, Bifidobacterium species and yeasts, that may beneficially affect the host upon ingestion by improving the balance of the intestinal microflora.

Pharmacokinets of Streptococcus faecalis

The effectiveness of probiotics is related to their ability to survive in the acidic stomach environment and the alkaline conditions in the duodenum, as well as their ability to adhere to the intestinal mucosa of the colon and to colonize the colon. After passage through the stomach and the small intestine, those probiotics that do survive become established transiently in the colon.

Onset of Action for Streptococcus faecalis

N/A Duration of Action for Streptococcus faecalis N/A Half Life of Streptococcus faecalis N/A Side Effects of Streptococcus faecalis 1.Flatulence 2.Constipation Contra-indications of Streptococcus faecalis 1. Hypersensitivity to the drug Special Precautions while taking Streptococcus faecalis N/A **Pregnancy Related Information** Use with caution Old Age Related Information N/A

Breast Feeding Related Information

Use with caution

**Children Related Information** 

N/A

Indications for Streptococcus faecalis

1.Gastrointestinal disorders such as antibiotic associated diarrhoea, and infectious and viral diarrhoeas

Interactions for Streptococcus faecalis

N/A

Typical Dosage for Streptococcus faecalis

As directed by the physician

Schedule of Streptococcus faecalis

N/A

Storage Requirements for Streptococcus faecalis

N/A

Effects of Missed Dosage of Streptococcus faecalis

Take the missed dose as soon as noticed and if it is the time for next dose then skip the missed dose.Do not double the dose.Continue the regular schedule.

Effects of Overdose of Streptococcus faecalis

Give supportive measures and symptomatic treatment.